SHARP SERVICE MANUAL

CODE: 00ZMZ 5600ACKE

DIAGNOSTIC MANUAL For MODEL MZ5600A

(DKOG-1005ACZZ)

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- I) Applicable models
 MZ-5631A/5641A/5645A/5646A
- 2) Tools required
 - RS232C interface cable
 - Test program media (one)
 - Fresh media (two)
- 3) Check method
 - The test program is loaded from the test program media onto the main memory for test.
- 4) Check items
 - I) Service check program (File name: S)
 - (1) RAM & IPL ROM tests
 - i) RAM
 - ii) IPL ROM
 - iii) Expansion RAM
 - (2) Sound interface, audio out, speaker testsi) Single tone, chord
 - ii) Volume

(3) VRAM test (basic VRAM only)

(4) Display functional tests
i) Pattern generation
ii) Window display function
iii) Color priority function
iv) Pallet function
v) Background color function
vi) Monochrome mode, reverse function
vii) VDS function
viii) Window priority function
ix) Display resolution select function and border color function

- x) Program run on VRAM
- (5) MFD test

(6) Printer interface test

(7) RS-232C interface test

- (8) Timer test
- i) Alarm
- ii) RTC RAM
- iii) Timer setup
- iv) Timer readout

- (9) Key interface test
- (10) Expansion DRAM (MZ-1R22) test
- (11) Expansion VRAM (MZ-1R09) test
- (12) 8087(MZ-1MO3)
- II) Service check program (File name: T) RTC battery backup test

Tests can be done for above test items. For the operational procedure, refer to the service check program operational procedure.

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III) Service check program (File name: R)

RAM file board (MZ1R32) test.

This test program consists of the following two tests:

- 1) Test program I with which twelve kinds of test can be chosen out of the menu.
- 2) Test program II with which the RTC backup is tested by turning power on after turning power off upon completion of the test in above 1).

0. Procedure in general

The MZ-5600A service check program is run under the control of the CP/M 86 operating system, of which file names are as follows:

- Service check program I: File name S
- Service check program II: File name T
- Service check program III: File name R

Ensure that the POWER indicator is on after power on and make entry of the file name following the prompt "A ", then depress the [ENTER] key. With this, it makes the test program started.

For an example, depression of $[\underline{S}]$ and [ENTER] next to "A" causes the service check program I to start running.

MZ-5600A	SERVICE	CHECK PROGRAM
* INPUT	SET TYPE	3 *
MZ-	= 0	
MZ-	= 1	
MZ-	5645A/46	A = 2
Pleas	e kev IN	0/1/2=

Fig. 0-1

In order to inform the model name to the system, enter one of 0, 1, or 2 on the keyboard according to the prompt. Pay attention at this stage for the version number of the check program.

Then, the model of the MFD must be specified using a number of 0, 1, or 2 and the size of the RAM using a number of 256.

With the above procedure, the main menu (Fig.0-2) comes displayed with which you can make choice of the function to be tested. Entering "R" before the entry of test parameter will cause the same test item to repeat automatically.

Type [5] [ENTER] to start the VRAM test.

Type [R] [5] [ENTER] to start the VRAM test in repetition.

It would be possible to perform the aging test with the prefix "R" in use. To terminate the repetitive test, depress the [SHIFT]+[BREAK] keys. Upon completion of the test cycle currently in execution, the control then returns to the menu (Fig.0-2).





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Now, discussion is provided for the RTC battery backup test. Though the RTC battery backup test is carried out under the service check program II (file name: T), it becomes mandatory that the test item No.6 has been assigned in the service check program I.

Figure 0-3 shows the flow of the RTC battery backup test. Since the test is carried out on the basis of the time and data entered for the timer test, the timer test should have been executed prior to this test item. However, it should not be necessarily done immediately before the RTC battery backup test.

You must note that it becomes necessary to turn power off and on and should have a wait of about ten seconds.

Repetition of the service check program II more than once will result in an error, because the RTC data have been cleared after the execution of the check program II. In order to repeat the test again, it becomes to start from the timer test again.

See sections to follow for details of tests. Successful test is indicated on the display with the message "OK" with short beeps, and unsuccessful test is indicated on the display with the message "ERROR" with a long continuous buzzer alert.



This mode is assigned upon depression of the [1] key. i) RAM test ---Depression of the [1] key---IN-OPERATION -***** RAM CHECK----STATUS NORMAL → OK FEDCBA9876543210 ABNORMAL ► ERROR [X]=.....*.... Bit in error indicated with an asterisk (*). Block in error: X=0: 00000H - 1FFFFH X=1: 20000H - 3FFFFH ii) IPL ROM test ***** IPL ROM CHECK----IN-OPERATION -STATUS NORMAL LOW=OK ABNORMAL . ---- HIGH=ERROR LOW=ERROR The high order bits and low order bits are tested. Depression of the space bar after completion of above i) and ii) makes the control then proceed expansion RAM test. SPACE BAR

1. RAM & IPL ROM test

To the expansion RAM test

-5-



iii) Depression of the space bar makes the control returned to the main menu.



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3. VRAM test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [3] key.

i) VRAM test



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4. Display functional test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [4] key.

4-1. Pattern generation

i) Upon start of the test program, the pattern shown in Fig.4-1 is displayed.



4-2. Window display functional test

i) After depression of the space bar four times, patterns shown in Fig. 4-1 appears on the display one at a time in the order shown in Fig. 4-2.

4-3. Color priority functional test

i) Depress the space bar and check to see that the pattern shown in Fig.4-3 is displayed.

4-4. Pallet functional test





i) Depress the space bar, then the control returns to the window display functional test screen.

4-5. Background color functional test

 Depress the space bar to pad every window with numbers. Then the background color is replaced by white. Make sure that all are in white as shown in Fig.4-8.



4-6. Monochrome mode, reverse functional test

- i) Depress the space bar and make sure that the white portion of Fig.4-8 is replaced by numbers.
 - NOTE: Numbers are displayed in white and and the background in black.

- ii) As the space bar is depressed, it inverts white into black and block into white, which as a result numbers are highlighted.
 - NOTE: Numbers are displayed in black and the back ground in white.



4-7. VDS functional test

 Depression of the space bar brings four kinds of figures having different brightness degree (Fig.4-11) on display. NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area is in the bottom portion.

ii) Depression of the space bar causes the brightness of each portion to change.NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area is at right.

111) Depress and check to see that brightness of each area changes.NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area is at the top.



iv) Depress the space bar to check to see that brightness of each portion changes. NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area is at left.

Also, make sure for a successive window priority test that the brightest area is fourth (at the bottom) window from the above.

4-8. Window priority functional test

- Depress the space bar to check to see that the window display priority changes as in Figure 4-15.
 - NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area is at third from the top.

 Depress the space bar to check to see that the window display priority changes as in Figure 4-16.

NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area is second from the top.



iii) Depress the space bar to check to see that the window display priority changes as in Figure 4-17.
NOTE: Make sure that the brightest area at the top.

4-9. Display resolution select functional and border color functional tests

i) Depression of the space bar brings the menu in Figure 4-18 on the display. Make choice of items 1, 2, or 3. Note that 3 is the subset of Item 2. ii) With depression of the [1] key, numbers ---Depression of the [1] key--are displayed within four windows in the 640*400 mode. NOTE: The brightest window must be at the bottom. 0123-----789 0123 -- -0123 -- 789 0123 0123-- -- 789 0123 - - - - - - 789 Fig.4-19 iii) Depress the space bar to perform display SPACE BAR under the 640*200 mode as in Fig.4-19 and check to see that display characters become coarse. The same display as in the above figure in the 640*200 mode. Numeric characters become coarse. SPACE BAR iv) Depression of the space bar performs the the same display under the 320*400 mode as in Fig.4-19. But, display characters are expanded double towards the horizontal The same display as in the direction. Make sure that half the above figure in the 320*400 characters are put on the display. Characters on display mode. are reduced to a half because characters are expanded double towards the horizontal direction. SPACE BAR v) Depression of the space bar terminates the test and the control returns to the menu (Fig.4-18). Menu in Fig. 4-18

vi) Depression of the [2] key switches to the ----Depression of the [2] key---200-raster mode. Make sure now that numbers are displayed in white, blue, red, 200-raster CRT and green in each of four windows under the 640*200 mode. 0123 789 RED 0123 0123 789 GREEN 0123 0123 789 BLUE 0123 WHITE 789 789 0123 Fig.4-20 vii) Numbers in white, blue, red, and green are displayed under the 320*200 mode in each of SPACE BAR four windows. Make sure that each is expanded to double in the horizontal direction. The same display in the 320*300 mode as in the above figure. Characters displayed reduced to a half because characters on display are expanded in the horizontal direction. viii) Border color test SPACE BAR Depress the space bar to check to see that the border section turns blue as in Fig.4-21. 200-raster CRT Fig.4-21



5. MFD test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [5] key at the main menu.

---Depression of the [5] key---





NOTE: Following error messages other than above may be displayed depending on the case.

- 1) ***HARDWARE ERROR ON(X) 🔻
- ii) ***READ/WRITE ERROR ON(X)
- iii) ***DRIVE NOT READY ON X -

Even after the display of the error message, depression of the space bar may cause the control to return to the main menu.

6. Printer interface test

ASCII codes 20H through FFH are issued on the CRT and the printer. Because of the printer implemented character generator, some of characters may differ on the CRT and the printer.

Check to see that characters corresponding to the character codes pertinent to the printer are printed.



TO THE MAIN MENU

IMPORTANT: The printer should have been connected and assigned before the test.

7. RS-232C interface test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [8] key.



NOTE: As the channel A of the MZ-5500 is connected with the channel B for test, it needs to have the cable to connect the channel A with B. See VIII-9 of the OWNER'S MANUAL for schematic.

8. Timer test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [6] key.



9. Key interface test

Even if the KEY INTERFACE TEST is assigned by the depression of the [1] [0] keys at the main menu, the control then returns to the main menu without any action. The key interface test must be done in the following manner:

i) Push the [BREAK] key.

- PUSH THE [BREAK] KEY Flashes CAPS LOCK Flashes CAPS LOCK key flashes.
- ii) Make sure that the LED embedded in the CAPS LOCK key flashes.

10. Expansion DRAM (MZ-19R11) test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [1] [3] keys.

Procedure and display contents are similar as the section 1, RAM test. But, the following indications are used to indicate the block in error. 3: 40000H - 5FFFFH 4: 60000H - 7FFFFH

11. Expansion VRAM test (MZ-1R09)

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [1] [2] keys.

Procedure and display contents are similar as the section 3, VRAM test. But, EPO, EP1, and EP2 are used for the symbol of VRAM plane during error occurrence.

12. 8087 (MZ-1M03) test

This mode is assigned upon depression of the [1] [5] keys.



III. RTC battery backup test (service check program II) Enter the [T] [ENTER] keys following to the prompt "A>" which appears immediately after power on. i) Time read %%%%%% BATTERY CHECK %%%%%%%% READ TIME YY:MM:DD HH:MM:SS Make sure that the current time has been read. SPACE BAR ii) RAM test ***** RTC RAM CHECK----IN-OPERATION -STATUS -> BACK UP OK NORMAL -> BACK UP ERROR ABNORMAL ·

Returns to CP/M automatically.

IV. RAM File (MZ1R32) Test procedure

i) Operating Enter "R" key and 🖽 key, then t	est program will be started.
 Description Test takes place in the following As the test is interrupted when or any other must be pressed interregarding the error. 	order. an error occurred, either the space key case a next test should be conducted dis-
Display T	est item
(1)	Set the RAM file into the second slot.
MZ1R32 CHECKER SET DIPSW TO	Wait for 5 second to automatically start the test.
SW1ON SW2OFF SW3OFF SW4ON	
SW1 CHECK	The test is successful if NMI does not occur after reading the banks 4 thru 7 and that if NMI occurred at banks 0 thru 3 and 8 thru 31.
ERROR 1 or ERROR 2	ERROR 1: If NMI was caused at every bank, there may be a failure around the PAL14H4 or in the XACK sig- nal line. ERROR 2: If NMI was caused at bank 4 thru
(3)	7 or NMI was not caused at bank O thru 3, there may be a failure in SW1.
BANK 4 DATA BUS CHECK	Data bus of the address AOOOH: OH is checked bit by bit.
	Error bit(s) represents the following problem: *One bit only Touch or disconnection in that specific data line.
ERROR BIT 0123456789ABCDEF * *	*Two bits Touch across those two lines. A failure in the RAM chip power supply repressented by those four bits (RAS, CAS, WE). A failure around CASL or CASH.
4	*Even or odd 8 bits A failure around 3C (LS245) or 2C (LS245).

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-26-



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Test data comprised of 1, 2, and 4 are written in the I/O address OD5H to check that it does not permit accessing of the area 80000H thru 9FFFFH.

ERROR: A failure around 6A (LS174).

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